



Introduction



Knuth-Plass



Extension



Experiments



Conclusion

# Similarity Problems in Paragraph Justification: an Extension to the Knuth-Plass Algorithm

~ TUG 2024 ~

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# Conclusion



- ▶ An extension to the Knuth-Plass algorithm
- ▶ Addresses similarity problems in paragraph justification

Thank you!

# Similarities

In olden times when wishing still helped one, there lived a king whose daughters were all beautiful; and the youngest was so beautiful that the sun itself, which has seen so much, was astonished whenever it shone in her face. Close by the king's castle lay a great dark forest, and under an old lime-tree in the forest was a well, and when the day was very warm, the king's child went out into the forest and sat down by the side of the cool fountain; and when she was bored she took a golden ball, and threw it up on high and caught it; and this ball was her favorite plaything.

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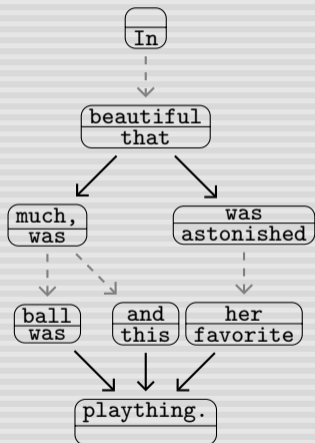
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- ▶ Terminology
  - ▶ “Saut du même au même” (french) 🤔
  - ▶ Homeoarchy / homeoteleuton (rhetoric)
  - ▶ Character / word ladders ? 🤔

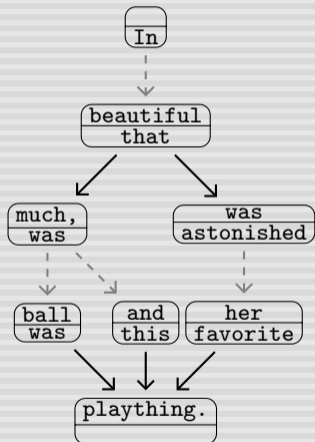
# The Knuth-Plass in a Nutshell

## ► “Single Pair Shortest Path” problem

*Finding the “best” route from beginning to end of paragraph*



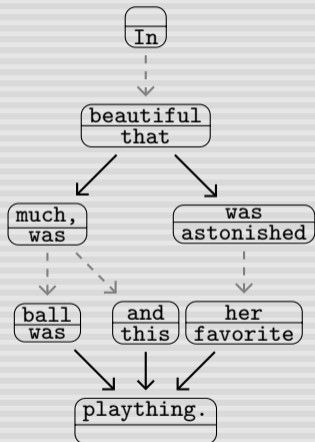
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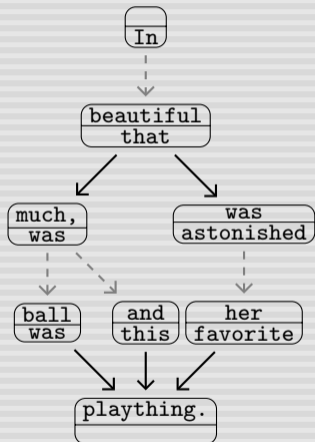


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*Badness, hyphenation penalty, etc.*
  - ▶ Contextual demerits: line against line  
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- ▶ Decision:  $\min \sum (\text{local} + \text{contextual demerits})$

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  - ▶ Compare the beginning & end of consecutive lines
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  - ▶ up 1 *He who can do less can do more...*
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 Demo

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`\similardemerits5230`

## Is it worth it?

- ▶ **Pertinence:** is the problem frequent?
- ▶ **Efficacy:** does this Knuth-Plass extension solve the problem?

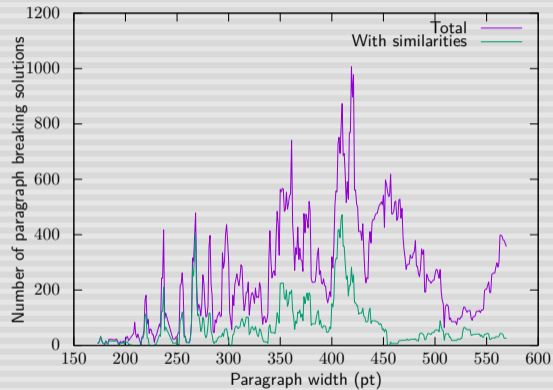
## Is it worth it?

- ▶ **Pertinence:** is the problem frequent?
- ▶ **Efficacy:** does this Knuth-Plass extension solve the problem?
- ▶ **Two typesetting experiments:**
  - ▶ One paragraph at many different widths
  - ▶ Many paragraphs at a single width

# Pertinence

## Experimental conditions

- ▶ Grimm Brothers “Frog King” §1
- ▶ 142pt ( $\approx 5\text{cm}$ )  $\rightarrow$  569pt ( $\approx 20\text{cm}$ )
- ▶ 427 runs



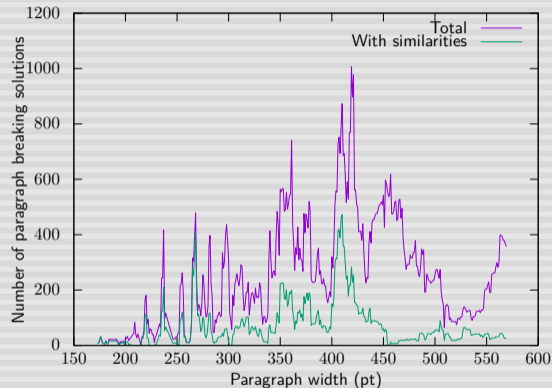
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## Expected results

- ▶ Chaotic shapes
- ▶ Close numbers for narrow paragraphs



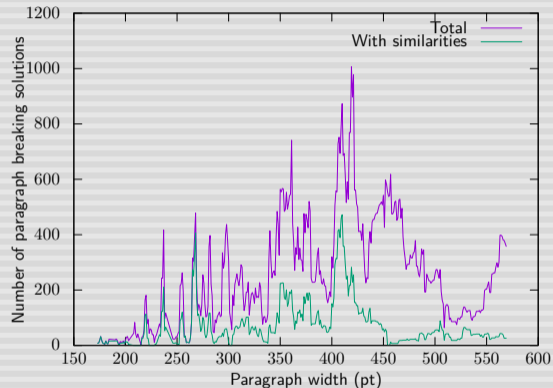
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## Findings

- ▶ Similarities are frequent
- ▶ So are similarity-free layouts



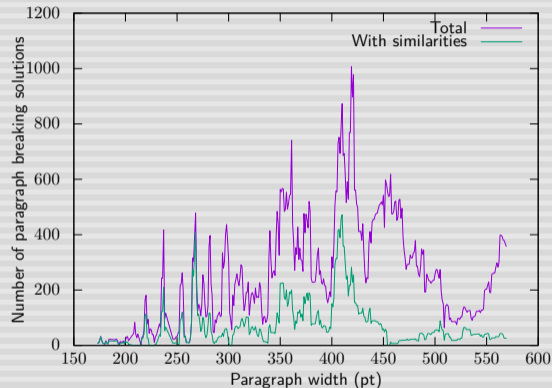
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## What about $\text{T}_\text{E}\text{X}$ ?

- ▶ 4%: similarities unavoidable
- ▶ 21%: with similarities
- ▶ 26%: experiment 2



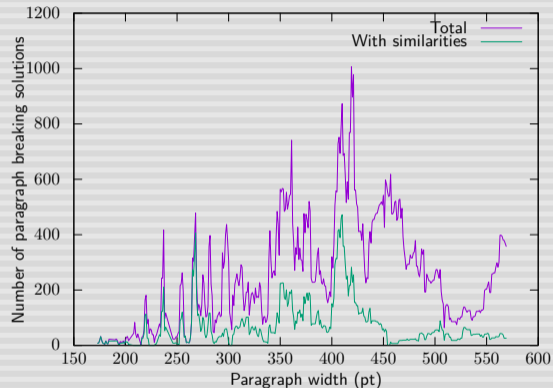
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## Conclusion

- ▶ 2 paragraphs out of 10 is a lot
- ▶ The problem is worth addressing





# Efficacy

## Experimental conditions

- ▶ Herman Melville's Moby Dick
- ▶ 1524 paragraphs @ 284pt ( $\approx 10\text{cm}$ )
- ▶ + experiment 1  $\rightarrow$  1951 cases
- ▶ x3  $\rightarrow$  5853 runs

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## Please note

- ▶ Those are extreme conditions!
- ▶ Similarity-free  $\neq$  aesthetically better
- ▶ But we have some leeway...

# (Real) Conclusion

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  - ▶ Simple & lightweight
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### Perspectives

- ▶ Study trade-off with other aesthetic criteria
- ▶ Similar demerits as  $f(\textit{similarity})$  rather than just a constant
- ▶ Currently talking with Hans... 😊